

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/824,587	04/03/2001	Lorraine D. Butlin	ISA-051.01	8700	
63767 FOLEY HOAG	63767 7590 07/24/2007 FOLEY HOAG, LLP			EXAMINER	
PATENT GROUP (w/ISA)			NGUYEN, BAO THUY L		
	APORT BLVD. N, MA 02210-2600		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1641		
•					
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/24/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary for Applications **Under Accelerated Examination**

Application No.	Applicant(s)
09/824,587	BUTLIN ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
Bao-Thuy L. Nguyen	1641

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Since this application has been granted special status under the accelerated examination program,

NO extensions of time under 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be permitted and a SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE:

ONE MONTH OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER,

FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - if this is a non-final action or a Quayle action.

(Examiner: For **FINAL** actions, please use PTOL-326.)

The objective of the accelerated examination program is to complete the examination of an application within twelve months from the filing date of the application. Any reply must be filed electronically via EFS-Web so that the papers will be expeditiously processed and considered. If the reply is not filed electronically via EFS-Web, the final disposition of the

application may occur later than twelve months from the filing of the application.
Status
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 May 2007</u>. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims
3) Claim(s) 22-50 and 55 is/are pending in the application. 3a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 4) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 5) Claim(s) 55, 20-50 is/are rejected. 6) Claim(s) is/are objected to: 7) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Application Papers
 8) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 9) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 10) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119
 11) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
Attachment(s)
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SR/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

6) Other:

Application/Control Number: 09/824,587 Page 2

Art Unit: 1641

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 03 May 2007 has been entered.
- 2. All rejections not reiterated herein below are withdrawn in view of the amendment to the claims and the arguments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claims 55, 22-24, 29-30, 35-39 and 44-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the detection of different isoforms of FSH and gonadotrophin and relating their relative abundance to the menopausal status of a human female, does not reasonably provide enablement for the detection of any and all other analytes and relating their relative abundance to the menopausal status of a human female. The specification does not enable any person

Art Unit: 1641

skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Claim 55 is directed to the detection of an analyte compound that is present in at least two different states and relating their relative abundance to the menopausal status of a human female. This method is not taught by the specification as originally filed.

The specification on page 9, lines 6-10 teaches the analysis of FSH samples using a pair of novel anti-FSH monoclonal antibodies that distinguish between premenopausal and post-menopausal FSH samples. The specification further teaches that for more accurate diagnosis of menopausal conditions the assay results should be determined numerically, and expressed as a ratio of the signals of the first and second assays. A significant change in this ratio can indicate transition from a pre-menopausal to a post-menopausal state. Thus, the results from a series of contemporaneous tests performed, for example, every few weeks, can be collated and any change in the observed signal ratio as compare to a control is used to diagnose a change in condition. Page 11, lines 5-19. The specification also teaches the detection of members of the gonadotrophin family.

The specification does not teach any other analytes as related to the menopausal status of a human female.

Application/Control Number: 09/824,587

Art Unit: 1641

Page 4

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claims 55 and 22-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Application/Control Number: 09/824,587

Art Unit: 1641

Claim 55 is vague and indefinite because it appears to claim that any compound obtained from a human female and detected using the claimed method can be used to determine menopausal status.

Claim 55 is also vague because it does not make clear the amount of analyte detected with the specific menopausal status. The determining step in part (f) is vague. How does one use the relative amounts of the complex detected to determine the menopausal status? Does "X" amount indicate that the female is menopausal or does "Y" amount indicate that the female is menopausal? Even though the specification recites specific ratios of analytes in the samples, the claim does not make clear that ratios within a certain range is related to menopausal status. Furthermore, even though the claims are read in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims.

Conclusion

- 7. Claims 55 and 22-50 are free of the prior art. The prior art of record does not teach an assay where the same pair of antibody can detect at least two different isoforms of an analyte.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bao-Thuy L. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-0824. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday -- Thursday from 9:00 a.m. 3:00 p.m..

Art Unit: 1641

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long V. Le can be reached on (571) 272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Bao-Thuy L. Nguyer

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1641